

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

Course: B.A. Subject: Political Science Semester- I

Paper- I (core): BASIC CONCEPTS OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

Unit-1: Explanatory Frameworks of Politics:

1. Nature and Scope of Political Science
2. Approaches to the Study of Politics: Normative, Historical, Empirical & Traditional Approaches

Unit-2: What is the State?

1. Theories on Origin and Evolution of the Modern State
2. Different Conceptions on the role of the Modern State: Define origin of social contract theory, welfare state and political ideologies

Unit-3: Nations and Nationalism

1. Nation and Nationality.
2. Varieties of Nationalism: Culture and Civic Nationalism
3. Liberalism, individualism socialism and Marxism.

Unit-4: Rights and Citizenship

1. Evolution and Types of Rights
2. Citizenship: Universal and Differential Citizenship
3. Meaning, nature and classification of rights

Unit-5: Liberty, Equality and Justice

1. Liberty: Negative and Positive Liberty
2. Equality: Formal Equality, Equality of Opportunity, Equality types
3. Justice: Justice based on Needs, Deserts and Rights, law and sources of law
4. Concepts of political science

The following topics are added

1. Relationship with other Social Sciences (Unit – 1)
2. Features of State & Austin's Theory of Sovereignty (Unit – 2)
3. Relationship between Rights and Duties & Women Rights (Unit – 4)

Reference books:

1. Rajaniti Sastram – Padhamika Bhavanalu, Telugu Academy
2. The Substance of Politics, Appadorai
3. Bhargava Rajeev and Acharya Ashok (eds) (2008) Political Theory: An introduction, Pearson, New Delhi.
4. Andrew Heywood (2007) Politics 3rd edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York'
5. Bellamy R (1993) (Ed) Theories and concepts of Politics, Manchester university press, New York.
6. Vincent A (2004) the Nature of Political Theory, Oxford University Press, New York.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY

PROGRAMME: B.A. SEMESTER: II SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE

COURSE-II (CORE): POLITICAL INSTITUTIONS

(CONCEPTS, THEORIES AND INSTITUTIONS)

SYLLABUS

Unit-1: Constitutionalism

1. The Purpose of Constitutional law, Theory of Separation of Powers
2. Structural Forms of the Modern State: Basic features of Parliamentary and Presidential forms of Government

Unit-2: Territorial Division of Authority of the Modern State

1. Basic features of Federal form of Government
2. Basic features of unitary form of Government

Unit-3: Legislature

1. Legislation: Unicameralism and Bicameralism
2. Committee System

Unit-4: Judiciary

1. The nature, role and functions of the Judiciary
 2. Judicial Review: Debates on the Supremacy of legislature or Judiciary in the protection of Constitutional law
- 3. Aristotle's classification of government

Unit-5: Institutional forms of the Modern State

1. Democracy: Definition and Meaning of Democracy, Forms of Democracy, Conditions Necessary for the Success of Democracy, Merits and Demerits of Democracy
2. Meaning; definition and classification of political parties; National, Regional – functions of political parties.

Reference books:

1. Andrew Heywood (2007) Politics 3rd edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York
2. Held, David (2006) Models of Democracy 3rd edition Oxford Polity Press
3. Birch A.H (2000) The Concepts and Theories of Democracy, London Routledge
4. Bogdanor, V (Ed) (1988) Constitutions in Democratic Politics Gower, Aldershot
5. Scott Gordon (1999) Controlling the State: Constitutionalism from Ancient Athens to Today, Cambridge, and Harvard University Press.
6. Concepts Theories and Institutions of Political Science, Telugu Academy, Hyderabad

syllabus

Unit-1: The Making of the Constitution

1. The ideological legacy of the Indian National Movement on the Constituent Assembly
2. The Nature and Composition of the Constituent Assembly

Unit-2: Philosophical Premises of the Indian Constitution

1. Preamble: The underlying values of the Indian Constitution
2. Salient features of the Constitution of India

Unit-3: Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy

1. Individual and Collective Rights: Limitations on the fundamental Rights
2. Judicial Interpretation of Fundamental Rights
3. The doctrine of 'Basic Structure' of the Constitution: Kesavananda Bharathi Case

Unit-4: Indian Federalism

1. Unitary and Federal features in the Indian Constitution
2. Tension Areas between the Union and State Government Legislative, Administrative and Financial Spheres

Unit-5: Working of the Indian Constitution

1. The Values of the Indian Constitution and Ushering of Social Revolution in India
2. The causes for the Ascendency of the Executive over legislature and Judiciary; Major Controversies regarding the Amendments to the Constitution
3. Nature and Role of Higher Judiciary in India; Recent Debates on the mode of appointment of Judges

The following topics are added:

1. Evolution of Indian Constitution: A Brief Sketch of 1909, 1919 and 1935 Government of India Acts (**Unit-1**)
2. Fundamental Duties (**Unit-3**)
3. Supreme Court: Composition, Powers and Functions Judicial Review (**Unit-5**)

Reference books:

1. Granville Austin (1972) the Indian Constitution, Corner stone of a Nation Oxford university Press, New Delhi.
2. Madhavkhosla (2012) the Indian Constitution, oxford university press, New Delhi
3. Granville Austin (1999) Working a Democratic Constitution; A History of the Indian Experience, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
4. Zoya Hasan, Sridharan E and Sudharshan R (Eds) 2002 India's living Constitution, Permanent black, New Delhi
5. Baxi Upendra (1980) the Indian Supreme Court and Politics Eastem book co, Luck now

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY

B.A. SEMESTER: IV SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE

COURSE-IV (CORE): STRUCTURES & INDIAN POLITICAL PROCESS

SYLLABUS

Unit-1: The Structure .Composition and Functions of State Administration

1.
Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers - Appointment powers and Functions

2. State Legislature- Composition and Functions

3. Composition and Functions of State Secretariat and Directorates.

Unit-2: Judiciary

1. High Court – structure and functions

2. Administration of Subordinate Courts

3. Lokpal, Lok ayuktha

.4 Challenges Indian democratic system

Unit-3: Social Structure and Democratic Process

1. Transition of Caste System: From Hierarchy to Identity

2. Competing Communalisms: Majoritarian and Minoritarians

3. Debates on Secularism; Role of the State towards religion

Unit-4: Party and Electoral Processes in India

1. Regulatory and governance institution

2. Determinants of Voting Behaviour in India; Caste, Class, Patronage, Money etc.

3. Evolution of Party System in India: the Ideology and Social bases of major Political Parties: INC, BJP, CPM, DMK, TRS, TDP, and YSRCP.

The following topics are added in Unit-III

1. Regional Identities

2. Social Movements

3. Women and Environment

4. NITI Ayog, finance commission , central information commission.

The following are added in Unit-IV

1. Composition and functions of Election Commission of India

Reference books:

1. Chandhoke N and Priyadarshini P (Eds) (2009) Contemporary India Economy, society, politics, Pearson, New Delhi.
2. Vanaik A and Bhargava R (Eds) (2010) Understanding Contemporary India Critical perspectives orient black swan New Delhi.
3. Jayal N G and Mehta PB (Eds) (2010) Oxford Companion to Indian Politics Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
4. Kohliatul and Prema Singh (Ed) (2013) Rutledge Hand book of Indian Politics Rout ledge, New York.

Syllabus

Unit-I: Classical Western Political Thought

1. Plato: Theory of Forms, Critique of Democracy, Justice
2. Aristotle: Citizenship, State, Justice, Virtue

Unit-2: Early Medieval to the Beginning of Modern Thought

1. St. Augustine: Earthly City and Heavenly City, Evil, Freewill, Moral Action
2. Machiavelli: Statecraft, Virtue, Fortuna

Unit-3: Liberal Thought

1. Thomas Hobbes: Human nature, Social Contract, Liberty, State
2. John Locke: Natural Rights, Consent, Social Contract, State
3. Rousseau: Social institutions and Moral Man, Equality, liberty and General Will

Unit-4: Liberal Democratic Thought

1. Jeremy Bentham: Utilitarianism
2. John Stuart Mill: Individual liberty, Representative Government

Unit-5: Philosophical Idealism and its critique

1. Hegel: Individual Freedom, Civil Society, State
2. Karl Marx: Alienation, Surplus Value, Materialist Conception of History, State

The following topic is added in Unit -II:

3. Thomas Aquinas

Reference books

1. Shefali Jha (2010) Western Political Thought from Plato to Karl Marx, Pearson, New Delhi
2. Boucher D and Kelly P (Eds) (2009) Political Thinkers from Socrates to the Present, Oxford University press, oxford
3. Coleman J (2000) A History of Modern Political Thought: From Ancient Greece to early Christianity, Blackwell publishers, oxford
4. Macpherson C B (1962) The Political Theory of Possessiveness Individualism, Oxford University press, oxford
5. Hampshire-monk I (2001) A History of Modern Political Thought: Major Political Thinkers from Hobbes to Marx, Blackwell publishers, oxford

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), RAJAMAHENDRAVARAM

Course: B.A. Subject: Political Science Semester-IV

Paper- V (core): INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

syllabus

Unit-1: Traditions of Ancient Indian Political Thought

1. Sources and features of Ancient Indian Political Thought
2. Manu: Social laws
3. Kautilya: Theory of the State

Unit-2: Renaissance Thought

1. Rammohan Roy: Religious and Social Reform
2. Pandita Ramabai: Gender

Unit-3: Early Nationalism

1. Dadabai Naoroji: Drain Theory and Poverty
2. Ranade M C: The Role of the State and Religious Reform.

Unit-4: Religious Nationalism

1. Savarkar V D: Hinduthva or Hindu Cultural Nationalism
2. Mohammed Iqbal: Islamic Communitarian Nationalism A.

Unit-5: Democratic Egalitarianism

1. Gandhi- Swaraj and Satyagraha
2. Jawaharlal Nehru- Democratic Socialism
3. Dr.Ambedkar B R - Annihilation of Caste System
4. M.N.Roy: Radical Humanism

The following topic is added in Unit- 5

1. Jayaprakash Narayan - Total Revolution

Reference books:

1. Pantham Thomas and Kenneth Deutsch(Ed) (1986) Political thought in modern India, Sage, New Delhi
2. Bidyut Chakrabarthy and Rajendra Kumar Pandey (2009) modern Indian political ' thought, Sage, New Delhi
3. Gurpreet Mahajan (2013), India: Political ideas and making of a democratic discourse, zed book, London A
4. Partha Chatterjee (1986) nationalist thought and the colonial world: A derivative disclosure, zed book, London
5. Bhikhu Parekh (1999) colonialism, tradition and reform, Sage, New Delhi
6. Bhikhu Parekh (1989) Gandhi's political philosophy, Macmillan, London

SYLLABUS

Unit-1: Classical Western Political Thought

1. Plato: Theory of Forms, Critique of Democracy, Justice
2. Aristotle: Citizenship, State, Justice, Virtue

Unit-2: Early Medieval to the Beginning of Modern Thought

1. St. Augustine: Earthly City and Heavenly City, Evil, Freewill, Moral Action
2. Machiavelli: Statecraft, Virtue, Fortuna

Unit-3: Liberal Thought

1. Thomas Hobbes: Human nature, Social Contract, Liberty, State
2. John Locke: Natural Rights, Consent, Social Contract, State
3. Rousseau: Social institutions and Moral Man, Equality, liberty and General Will

Unit-4: Liberal Democratic Thought

1. Jeremy Bentham: Utilitarianism
2. John Stuart Mill: Individual liberty, Representative Government

Unit-5: Philosophical Idealism and its critique

1. Hegel: Individual Freedom, Civil Society, State
2. Karl Marx: Alienation, Surplus Value, Materialist Conception of History, State

The following topic is added in Unit -II:

3. Thomas Aquinas

Reference books

1. Shefali Jha (2010) Western Political Thought from Plato to Karl Marx, Pearson, New Delhi
2. Boucher D and Kelly P (Eds) (2009) Political Thinkers from Socrates to the Present, Oxford University press, oxford
3. Coleman J (2000) A History of Modern Political Thought: From Ancient Greece to early Christianity, Blackwell publishers, oxford
4. Macpherson C B (1962) The Political Theory of Possessiveness Individualism, Oxford University press, oxford
5. Hampshire-monk I (2001) A History of Modern Political Thought: Major Political Thinkers from Hobbes to Marx, Blackwell publishers, oxford

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY
B.A. SEMESTER: VI SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE
COURSE-VII (ELECTIVE-A): PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

SYLLABUS

Unit-I: Introduction to Public Administration

1. Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of Public Administration
2. Public and Private Administration

Unit-II: Principles of Organization

1. Basic Principles of Organization: POSDCORB
2. Line and Staff Agencies

Unit –III: Theories of Public Administration

1. Classical Theory-Henry Fayal
2. Human Relations theory-Elton Mayo
3. Rational Decision making theory-Herbert Simon

Unit-IV: HRM and Financial Administration

1. UPSC & APPSC
2. Budget- Principles- Budgetary Process
3. Accounting and Auditing- Comptroller and Auditor General

The following topics are added in Unit-I
Additional Module:

Introduction to Intellectual Property Law – Types; Trade related Intellectual Property Rights – Agencies

Reference books:

1. Pardhasaradhi (Eds) (2011) Public Administration; Concepts, Theories and Principles, Telugu Academy, Hyderabad
2. R.kSapru (2014) 3rd Edition, Administrative Theories and Management Thought, PHI learning Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi.
3. Prasad D R, Prasad V S,(Eds) (2010),Administrative Thinkers, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi.
4. Theories of Public Administration, Telugu Academy, Hyderabad

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY
B.A. SEMESTER: VI SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE
COURSE-VII (ELECTIVE-B): MANJOR ISSUES IN INDIAN POLITICS
SYLLABUS

Unit- I: Caste and Politics

1. Changing Power Relations within the Caste Structure
2. Ethnicisation of caste

Unit- II: Secessionism

1. Causes for Secessionist Movement in the State of Jammu & Kashmir
2. Causes for Secessionist Movements in the States of North-East India

Unit- III: Regionalism in India

1. Centralizing tendencies in India Federalism
2. Regionalism as a Response to protection of autonomy of States: Regionalism in Tamilnadu, Punjab and Assam

Unit- IV: Crisis of Governance of the State Institutions in India

1. Proliferation of Corruption in the Institutions of the State: Bureaucratic and Political Corruption.
2. Electoral Malpractices and Defections of Elected Representatives: Need for reforms in the Anti-Defection Law
3. Electoral Populism and Competitive Populist Welfarism

The following are added in the Unit-IV

- NOTA System
- EV PADS

Additional Module:

Introduction to Intellectual Property Law – Types of Intellectual Property – Trade related Intellectual Property Rights – Agencies Responsible for Intellectual Property Registration –Principles of Copyright – Subject Matters of Copyright – Introduction to Patent Law – Patent Requirements – Patent Application Process and Granting of Patent - Trade Mark Registration Process – Trade Mark maintenance

Reference Books:

1. Partha Chatterjee, (Ed) State and politics in India, Delhi, OUP, 1998
2. Sudiptakaviraj (ed), Politics in India, Delhi, OUP, 2007
3. NirajaJayal, Democracy and the State, Welfare, Secularism and Development in Contemporary India, Delhi, OUP.2001
4. Rajeev Bhargava, Secularism and its Critics, Delhi, OUP, 1999
5. Pratap Bhanu Mehta and DeveshKapur (eds), Political Institutions in India, Delhi, OUP, 2011

6. Niraja Gopal Jayal and Bhanupratap Mehta (ed), The Oxford Companion to Politics in India, Delhi, OUP, 2011
7. Sanjib Baruach, Ethnonationalism in India: A Reader, Delhi, OUP, 2012.
8. Sanjib Baruach, Durable Disorder: Understanding the Politics of North East India, Delhi, OUP, 2007

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY

B.A. SEMESTER: VI SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE

COURSE-VII (ELECTIVE-C): LOCAL SELF - GOVERNMENT IN ANDHRA PRADESH

SYLLABUS

Unit- I: Evolution of Local Self-Government in India

1. Constitutional Provisions on local Self-Government
2. Recommendations of Balwantrai Mehta and Ashok Mehta Committees on Local Self –Governments

Unit-II: Importance of Constitutional Amendments

1. 73rd Amendment – Rural Local bodies; Basic features
2. 74th Amendment – Urban Local body; Basic features

Unit-III: Structure and functions of Panchayat Raj in Andhra Pradesh

1. Gram Panchayat
2. Mandal Parishad
3. Zilla Parishad
4. Structure and functions of Urban local bodies in Andhra Pradesh; Municipalities
Nagar Panchayat and Municipal Corporations

Unit-IV: Structure and functions of urban local bodies in Andhra Pradesh

1. Nagar Panchayats
2. Municipalities
3. Municipal Corporations

Unit-V: Role of leadership and Emerging Challenges

1. Emerging patterns of leadership
2. Problems of autonomy: Financial and Administrative spheres

The following are added in Unit- IV

- Importance of Ward Committees in Municipalities

Additional Module:

Introduction to Intellectual Property Law – Types of Intellectual Property – Trade related Intellectual Property Rights – Agencies Responsible for Intellectual Property Registration –Principles of Copyright – Subject Matters of Copyright – Introduction to Patent Law – Patent Requirements – Patent Application Process and Granting of Patent - Trade Mark Registration Process – Trade Mark maintenance

Reference Books:

1. Maheswari, S.R., Local Self Government in India, Orient longman, 1971
2. Venkatesan V, Institutionalising Panchayat Raj in India, Institute of Social Sciences, New Delhi 2002
3. Baviskar B.S, Inclusion and Exclusion in Local Governance, Sage Publication, New Delhi 2009.
4. M.P. Dube and Padalia, M (Ed), Democratic Decentralization and Panchayati raj in India, Anamika Publishers, New Delhi, 2002
5. BalaRamulu, CH and Ravinder D, "Five Decades of Democratic Decentralization process in Andhra Pradesh" in Social Change (Journal of the Council for Social Development published by Sage International) Vol.42, No.2, PP165-186, June 2012.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY

B.A. SEMESTER: VI SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE

COURSE-VIII (CLUSTER ELECTIVE-A-1): INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

SYLLABUS

Unit-I: Basic Concepts of International Relations

Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Relations

1. (a). Balance of power (b). National interests
- (c). Collective Security (d). Diplomacy

Unit-II: Approaches to the study of International Relations

1. Idealism – Woodrow Wilson
2. Classical Realism – Hans Morgenthau
3. Neo – realism – Kenneth Waltz

Unit-III: Phases of International Relations (1914-1945)

1. Causes for the First World War
2. Causes for the Second World War

Unit-IV: Phases of International Relations (1945 onwards)

1. Origins of First Cold War
2. Rise and Fall of Détente
3. Origins and the End of Second Cold War

Unit-V: International Organisation

1. The role of UNO in the protection of International Peace
2. Problems of the Third World : Struggle for New International Economic Order

The Following are added in Unit-IV

1. Indo- American Relations after 1991 to till Date

Reference Books:

1. Jackson, R and Sorensan Y, Introduction to International Relations; Theories and approaches, New York, OUP, 2008.
2. Baylis, J and Smith, S (Eds), The Globalization of World Politics; An Introduction to International Relations, Oxford, OUP, 2011
3. Aneek Chatterjee, International Relations Today; Concepts and Applications, New Delhi, Pearson Education, 2008.
4. E.H. Carr, International relations between the two world Wars, Lodon, Palgrave Macmillan, 2004.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY

B.A. SEMESTER: VI SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE

COURSE-IX (CLUSTER ELECTIVE-A-2): INDIAN FOREIGN POLICY

➤ SYLLABUS

Unit-I: Evolution of Indian Foreign of Policy

1. Determinants of Indian Foreign of Policy
2. Continuity and change in Indian Foreign Policy

Unit-II: Non-Alignment and UNO

1. The role of India in the Non-Alignment Movement
2. Relevance of Non-Aligned Movement in the Contemporary World
3. Role of India in the UNO in protection of International Peace

Unit-III: India's Relation with USA and China

1. Indo- US Relations: Pre- Cold War Era, Post- Cold War Era
2. India – China Relations: Pre- Cold War Era, Post- Cold War Era

Unit-IV: India and her Neighbours

1. Indo- Pakistan Relations
2. India's role in South Asian Association of Regions Cooperation (SAARC)

The Following Topics are added in Unit-III

1. Indo- China Relations after 1991

Reference Books:

1. David Scott (Ed), Handbook of India's International Relations, London, Routledge,2011
2. Ganguly, S (Ed), India as an Emerging Power,Portland, Franck class, 2003
3. Pant, H, Contemporary Debates in Indian Foreign and Security Policy, London, Palgrave Macmillian,2008
4. Tellis, A and Mirski, S (Eds), Crux of Asia; China, India, and the Emerging global Order, Washington, Carnegie endowment for international peace,2013
5. Muni, S.D, India's Foreign Policy Delhi CUP, 2009
6. Alyssa Ayres and Raja Mohan, C (Eds), Power Realignment in Asia: China, India and the United States, New Delhi, Sage, 2002.
7. Appadorai, A, Domestic roots of Indian Foreign Policy, New Delhi, OUP,1971 Dutt, V.P, India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World, New Delhi,NBT,2011

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY

B.A. SEMESTER: VI SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE

**COURSE-VIII (CLUSTER ELECTIVE-B-1): COMPARATIVE CONSTITUTIONALISM: UK,
USA**

SYLLABUS

Unit- I: Constitutionalism

- Evolution of Constitutionalism in U K and USA

Unit-II: Legislature

- Parliament, House of Lords, House of Commons (U K): Structure and Powers
- Congress, Senate, House of Representatives (USA): Structure and Powers

Unit-III: Executive

- Prime minister & Cabinet (UK): Powers and Functions
- President (USA) : Powers and Functions

Unit-IV: Judiciary

- Nature, Powers and Functions of Judiciary (UK &USA)
- Judicial Review in UK and USA

Unit-V: Constitutional Amendments

- Procedures for the Amendment of Constitutional Law (UK &USA)

The following topics are added in Unit- V

1. Functioning of Constitution of USA

Reference Books:

1. Almond, G et.al, Comparative Politics Today: A world view, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, Delhi, 2011
2. Birch, A.H, British System of Government 4th Edition, Lodon, George Allen and Unwin, 1980.
3. Finer, H., Theory and Practice of Modern Government, London, Methuen,1969
4. Bagehot, the English Constitution, London, Fontana, 1963.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY

B.A. SEMESTER: VI SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE

**COURSE-IX (CLUSTER ELECTIVE-B-2): HUMAN RIGHTS IN COMPARATIVE
PERSPECTIVE**

SYLLABUS

UNIT - I: Human Rights; Theory and Institutionalization

1. Understanding Human Rights: Three Generations of Rights
2. Institutionalization: Universal Declaration of Human Rights
3. Rights in National Constitutions: South Africa and India

UNIT - II: Issues

1. Torture : USA and India
2. Terrorism and Insecurity of Minorities: USA and India

UNIT-III: Structural Violence

1. Caste and Race: Discrimination based on Birth: South Africa and India
2. Adivasis / Aborigines and the Land Question: Australia and India

UNIT-IV: Watchdogs of Human Rights Violation

1. Amnesty International
2. National Human Rights Commission and UNO

The Following Topics Added in Unit- I

1. Human Rights in India

Reference Books:

1. Byrne, Darren,O., Human Rights, An Introduction, Delhi, Pearson,2007.
2. R. Wolfrern, 'Discrimination, xenophobia and Racism' in Symonides, J, New Dimensions and challenges For Human Rights:JaipurRawat Publications, 1998.
3. Cadzon and Maynard, J (Eds), Aborginal studies; Nelson cengage learning, 2011.
4. Kannabiram, k., Tool of Justice: Non- Discrimination and the Indian Constitution, New Delhi, Routledge, 2012.
5. Ishay, M., The History of Human Rights: From Ancient Times to the Globalization Era, Delhi, Orient Blackswan.

Andrew Clapham, Human Rights: A Very Short Introduction, Oxford, OUP, 2007.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY

B.A. SEMESTER: VI SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE

COURSE-VIII (CLUSTER ELECTIVE-C-1): COLONIALISM AND NATIONALISM IN INDIA

➤ **SYLLABUS**

Unit- I: The Impact of Colonial Rule on India

1. The Nature of Indian Society on the Eve of Colonial Rule
2. The impact of Colonial Rule on the Indian Society; On Agriculture, Handlooms and Industry

Unit-II: Reforms and Resistance

1. 1857 Rebellion : Causes, Nature and Aftermath
2. Socio - Religious Movements in 19th century; Brahma Samaj, Arya Samaj etc.

Unit-III: Emergence and Growth of Nationalism

1. Liberal Constitutionalism: Swadeshi Movement
2. Role of Gandhiji in Mass Mobilization: Non- Cooperation, Civil Disobedience and Quit India Movements.

Unit-IV: Communalism, Partition and Establishment of Indian Republic

1. Colonial roots of Communalism and Partition of the Country
2. An Evaluation Civic and Secular Nationalism leading to the Constitution of India as a Republic.

The following topics are added in- IV

1. The impact of Colonial Rule on Indian Economy
2. Divyagnana Samajam

Reference Books:

1. Chandra Bipan, Essays on Colonialism, Hyderabad, Orient Longman, 1999.
2. Chandra Bipan (Eds), India's struggle for Independence, Delhi, Penguin, 1988.
3. Sumit Sarkar, Modern India (1885-1947), New Delhi, Macmillan, 1983
4. SekharBandopadhyay, From Plassey to Partition and after; A History of Modern India, Delhi, Orient Longman, 2015.
5. Jalal, A and Bose, S, Modern South Asia: History, culture and Political Economy, Delhi, OUP, 1999.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RAJAHMUNDRY

B.A. SEMESTER: VI SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE

**COURSE-IX (CLUSTER ELECTIVE-C-2): POLITICAL ECONOMY OF DEVELOPMENT
IN INDIA**

SYLLABUS

Unit- I: Colonialism and Indian Economy

1. Self-Sufficiency of Indian Village Structure
2. The Impact of Colonial Rule on the Indian Economy: De-Industrialization Thesis

Unit-II: Economic Development in the Post-Independent Era

1. Planning as a Strategy of Development
2. State led Import Substitution Industrialization for Self Reliant Economic Development

Unit-III: Agrarian Development

1. Politics of Land Reforms: legislative measures for the abolition of Zamindari System, Ceiling on Land Ownership Rights.
2. Green Revolution Strategy for Rapid Development of Agriculture
3. Vinobabhave's Bhudhan Movement

Unit-IV: Politics of Economics Reforms

1. The assertion of dominant class interests: Rich peasants, State Bureaucracy and Industrial Capitalist classes on the State.
2. Economic Reforms: Liberalization of regulation of the State controls on the economy: Strategy of Market led growth of the Indian economy from 1991 onwards.
3. The impact of Economic Reforms on the Indian Polity: Rising inequalities across Regions and Classes.

The Following are added in Unit-IV

1. The Importance of De- Monetization, and Its Role in India's Development

Reference Books:

1. Frankel Francine R, Indian Political Economy, Delhi, OUP,
2. Rudolph, Llyod and Rudolph Susan, In Pursuit of Lakshmi, Delhi, OUP, 2004.
3. Terry Byres, The Indian Economy: Major debates since Independence, New Delhi, OUP, 1999.
4. BardhanPranab, The Political Economy of Development, Delhi, OUP, 1998
5. Jenkins Rob, Economics Reforms in India, Delhi, OUP, 2000
6. Mukherjee Rahul, (Ed) India's Economic Transition: The politics of Reforms, New Delhi, OUP, 2007.

